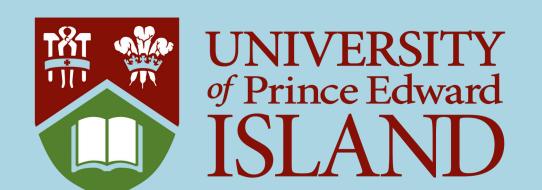
# The fox-cinating tale of Echinococcus multilocularis on Prince Edward Island

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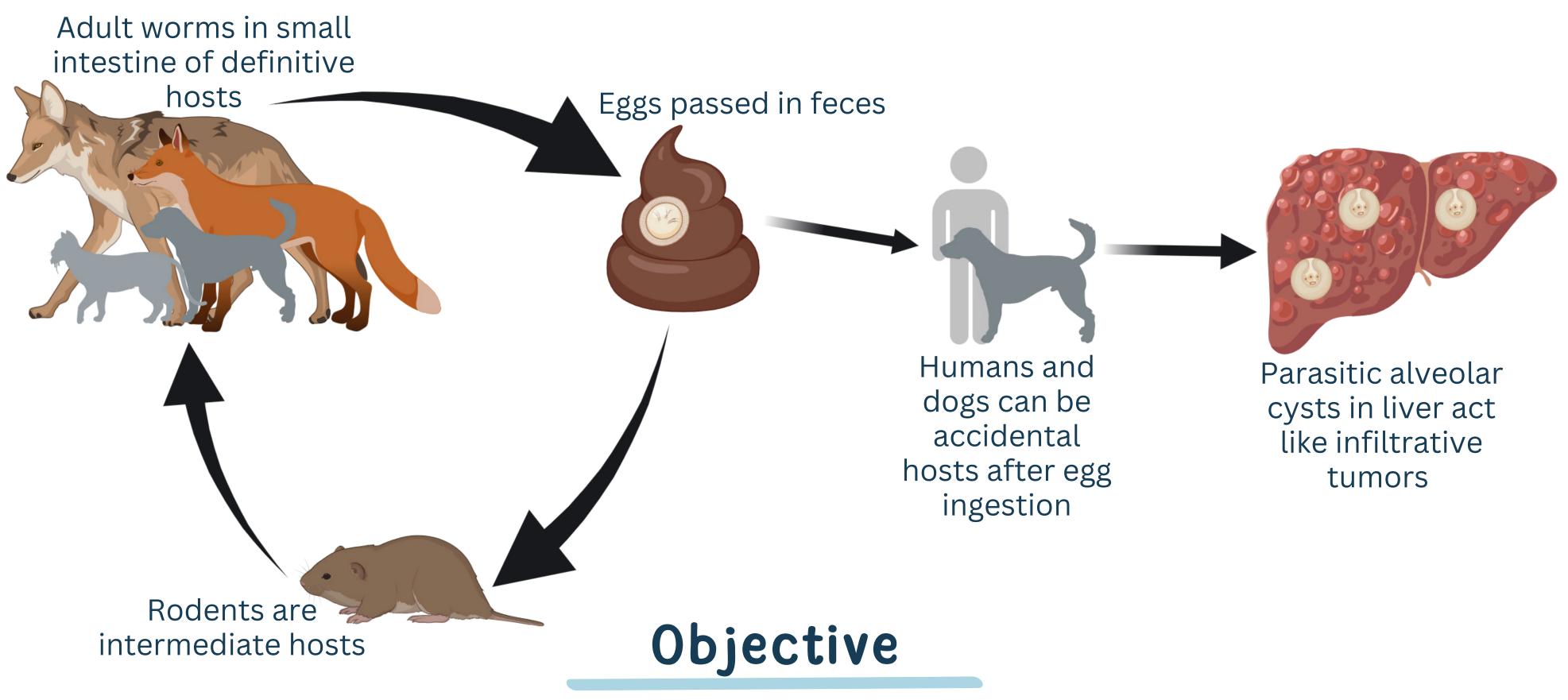




- First Echinococcus multilocularis screening study on Prince Edward Island (PEI)
- E. multilocularis in 16/117 samples (15 coyotes, 1 fox)  $\rightarrow$  13.7% prevalence
- E. multilocularis presence has implications on necessary parasite prevention in domestic animals

### Introduction

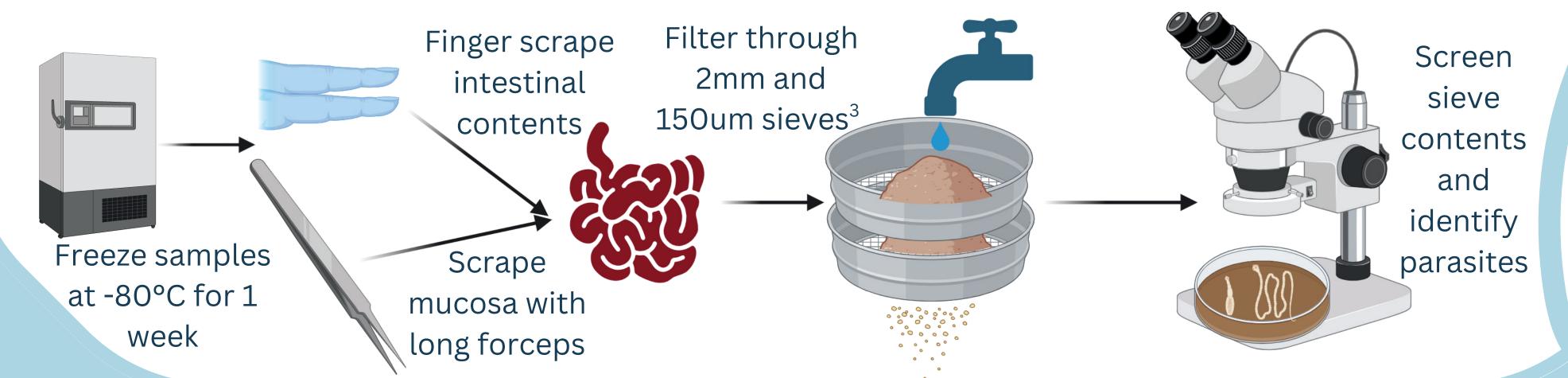
- E. multilocularis causes severe parasitic disease (alveolar echinococcosis) in humans and domestic dogs -> fatal if untreated
- Not present in Atlantic Canada until 2020, found in 1 fox from PEI<sup>1</sup>



Determine the E. multilocularis prevalence in PEI

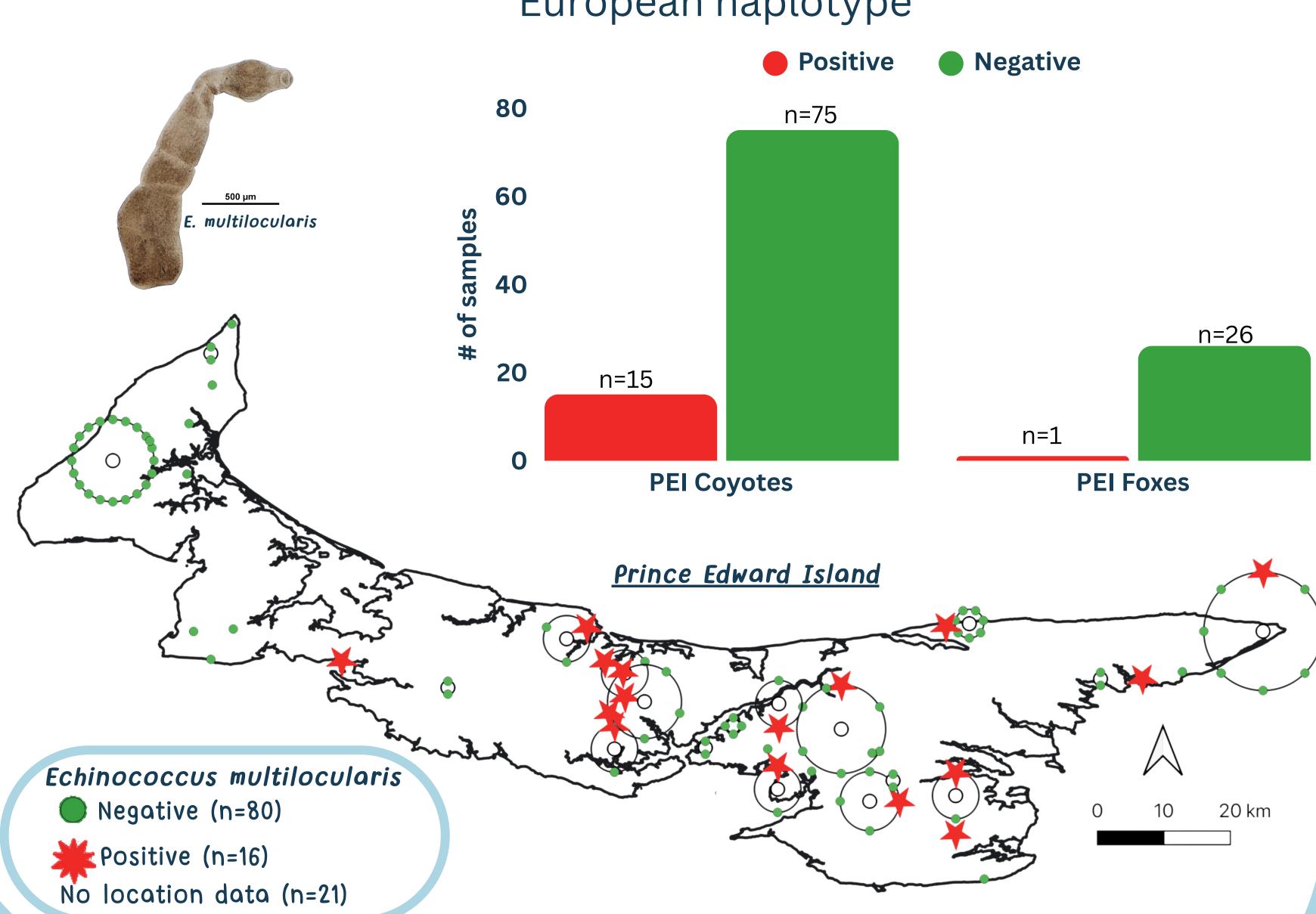
### Methods

- Fox & coyote intestine collected starting 2020 through 2023-2024 hunting season
- Modification of intestinal scraping, filtration, and counting technique<sup>2,3</sup>



#### Results

- E. multilocularis in 16/117 samples  $\rightarrow$  13.7 % prevalence
  - 15/90 coyotes (16.7%)
    - 1/27 foxes (3.7%)
  - So far 3 cases were sequenced and confirmed to be the European haplotype



## Conclusion

- E. multilocularis is established across PEI
- Possible single introduction point with outward spread
- Implications for proper parasite screening & control for domestic pets
  - Additional information & chronological graphics:



1. Robbins, W. et al. 2022. Echinococcus multilocularis infection in a red fox (Vulpes vulpes) on Prince Edward Island, Canada. Can Vet J., 2. Eckert, J. 1984. Guidelines for surveillance, prevention and control of References: echinococcosis/hydatidosis. WHO, 3. Gesy, K. et al. 2013. An improved method for the extraction of adult *Echinococcus* from wildlife definitive hosts. Parasitol Res 112.

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